

4 Mbit (256K x16) 1.8V Asynchronous SRAM

FEATURES SUMMARY

- SUPPLY VOLTAGE: 1.65 to 1.95V
- 256K x 16 bits SRAM with OUTPUT ENABLE
- EQUAL CYCLE and ACCESS TIME: 55ns, 70ns
- SINGLE BYTE READ/WRITE
- LOW STANDBY CURRENT
- LOW V_{CC} DATA RETENTION: 1.0V
- TRI-STATE COMMON I/O
- AUTOMATIC POWER DOWN
- TFBGA48 PACKAGE
 - Compliant with Lead-Free Soldering Processes
 - Standard or Lead-Free Option

Figure 1. Packages

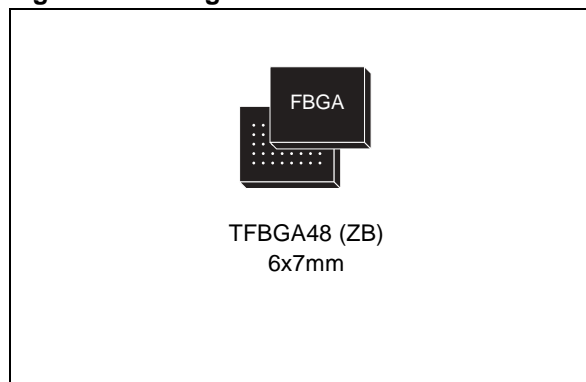


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SUMMARY DESCRIPTION

The M68AR256M is a 4 Mbit (4,194,304 bit) CMOS SRAM, organized as 262,144 words by 16 bits.

The device features fully static operation requiring no external clocks or timing strobes, with equal address access and cycle times. It operates from a single 1.8V ($\pm 150\text{mV}$) supply voltage.

The M68AR256M has an automatic power-down feature, reducing the power consumption by over 99%.

The M68AR256M is available in TFBGA48 (0.75 mm pitch) package. In addition to the standard version, the TFBGA48 package is also available in Lead-free version, in compliance with the ST ECO-PACK 7191395 Specification and the RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances) directive.

Figure 2. Logic Diagram

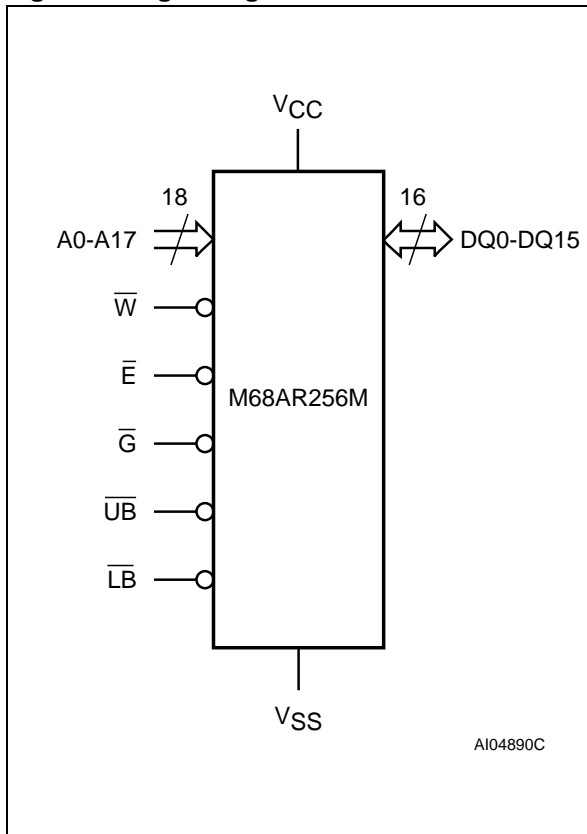
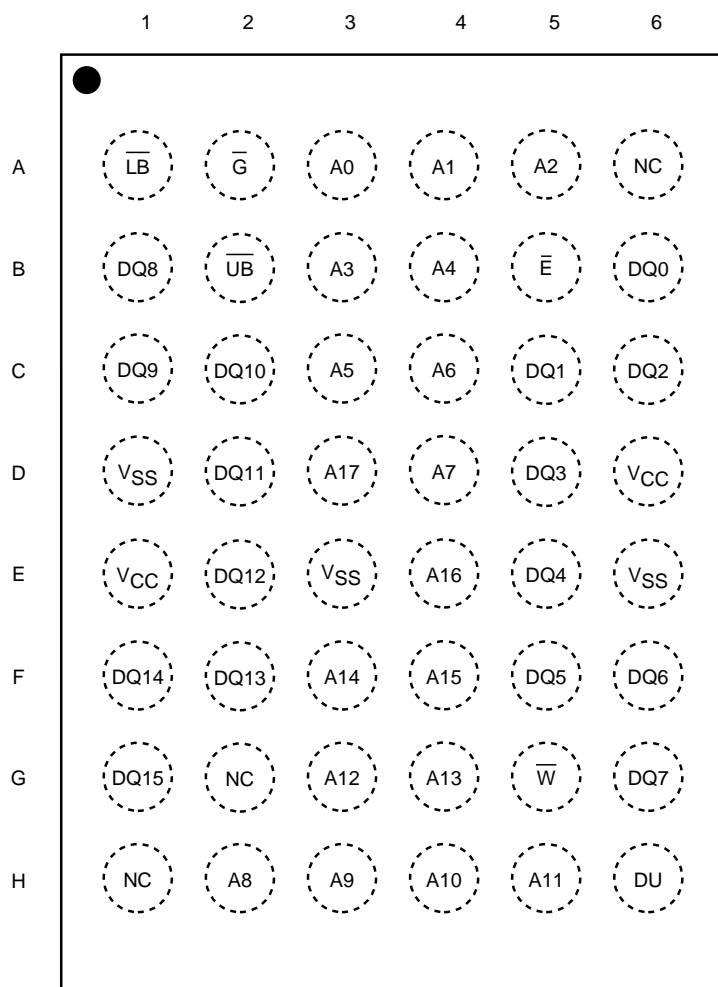


Table 1. Signal Names

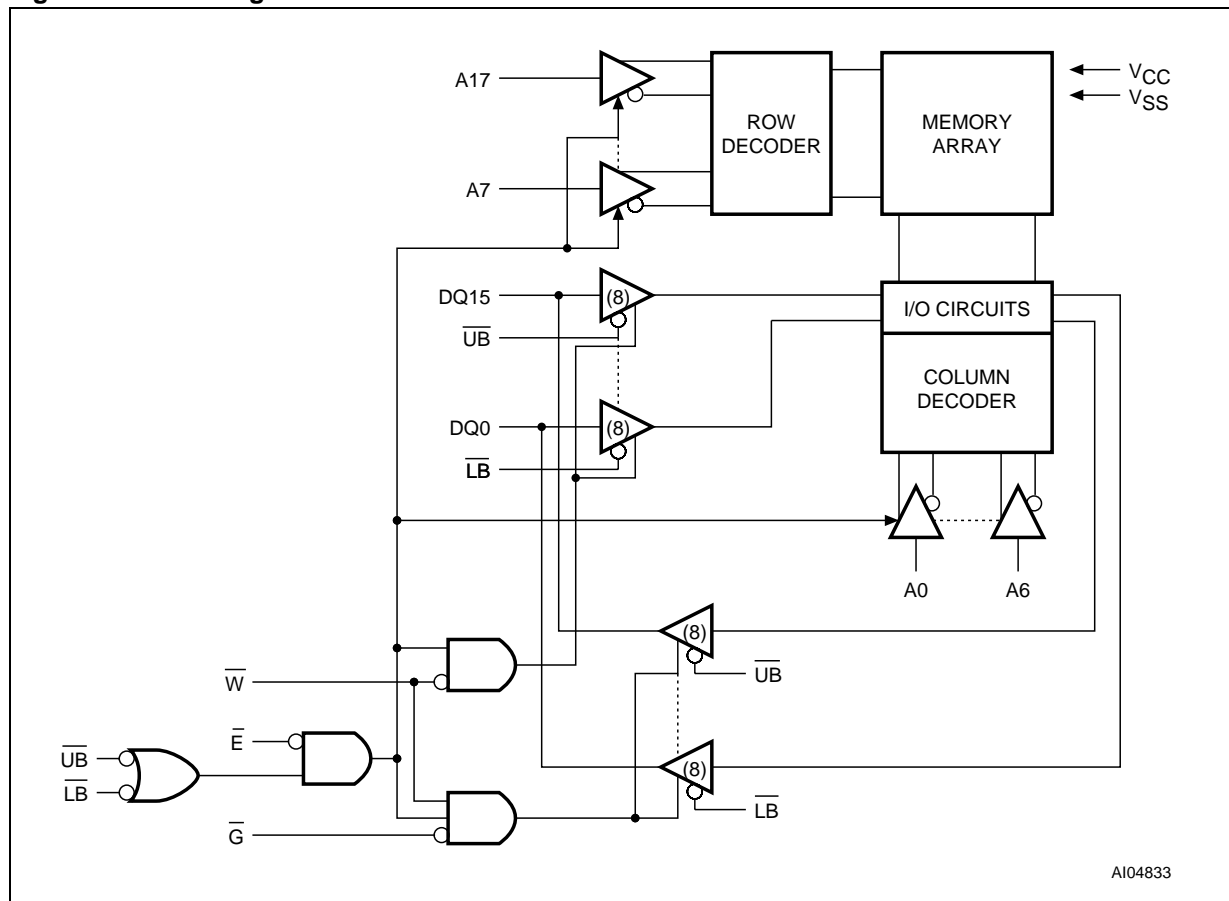
A0-A17	Address Inputs
DQ0-DQ15	Data Input/Output
\bar{E}	Chip Enable
\bar{G}	Output Enable
\bar{W}	Write Enable
\bar{UB}	Upper Byte Enable Input
\bar{LB}	Lower Byte Enable Input
Vcc	Supply Voltage
Vss	Ground
NC	Not Connected Internally
DU	Don't Use as Internally Connected

Figure 3. TFBGA Connections (Top view through package)



AI04882b

Figure 4. Block Diagram



AI04833

OPERATION

The M68AR256M has four standard operating modes: Output Disabled, Read, Write and Standby/Power-Down. These modes are determined by the control inputs \overline{G} , W , \overline{E} , \overline{LB} and \overline{UB} as summarized in Table 2., Operating Modes.

Output Disabled. The Output Enable signal, \overline{G} , provides high-speed tri-state control of DQ0-DQ15, allowing fast read/write cycles on the common I/O data bus. The device is in Output Disabled mode when Output Enable, \overline{G} , is High. In this mode, \overline{LB} and \overline{UB} are Don't care and DQ0-DQ15 are high impedance.

Read Mode. Read operations are used to output the contents of the SRAM Array. The M68AR256M is in the Read mode whenever Write Enable (W) is High, V_{IH} , with Output Enable (\overline{G}) Low, V_{IL} , Chip Enables (\overline{E}) is asserted and at least one of the Byte Enable inputs, \overline{UB} and \overline{LB} , is at V_{IL} .

If only one of the Byte Enable inputs (\overline{UB} or \overline{LB}), is at V_{IL} , the M68AR256M is in Byte Read mode. If the two Byte Enable inputs (\overline{UB} or \overline{LB}) are at V_{IL} , the M68AR256M is in Word Read mode. So depending on the status of the \overline{UB} and \overline{LB} signals, valid data will be available on the lower eight, the upper eight or all sixteen output pins, t_{AVQV} after the last stable address providing \overline{G} is Low and \overline{E} is Low.

If either of \overline{E} , \overline{G} and $\overline{UB}/\overline{LB}$ is asserted after t_{AVQV} has elapsed, data access will be measured from the limiting parameter (t_{ELQV} , t_{GLQV} or t_{BLQV}) rather than the address. Data out may be indeterminate at t_{ELQX} , t_{GLQX} and t_{BLQX} , but data lines will always be valid at t_{AVQV} .

Write Mode. Write operations are used to write data to the SRAM. The M68AR256M is in the Write mode whenever the W and \overline{E} are Low, V_{IL} . Either the Chip Enable input (\overline{E}) or the Write Enable input (W) must be de-asserted during Address transitions for subsequent write cycles. When \overline{E} (W) is Low, and \overline{UB} or \overline{LB} is Low, write cycle begins on the falling edge of W (\overline{E}). When \overline{E} and W are Low, and $\overline{UB} = \overline{LB} = \text{High}$, write cycle begins on the first falling edge of \overline{UB} or \overline{LB} . Therefore, address setup time is referenced to Write Enable, Chip Enable or $\overline{UB}/\overline{LB}$ as t_{AVWL} , t_{AVEL} and t_{AVBL} respectively, and is determined by the latter occurring edge.

The Write cycle can be terminated by the earlier rising edge of \overline{E} , W or $\overline{UB}/\overline{LB}$.

If the Output is enabled ($\overline{E} = \text{Low}$, $\overline{G} = \text{Low}$, \overline{LB} or $\overline{UB} = \text{Low}$), then W will return the outputs to high impedance within t_{WLQZ} of its falling edge. Care must be taken to avoid bus contention in this type of operation. Data input must be valid for t_{DVWH} before the rising edge of Write Enable, or for t_{DVEH} before the rising edge of \overline{E} , or for t_{DVBH} before the rising edge of $\overline{UB}/\overline{LB}$ whichever occurs first, and remain valid for t_{WHDX} , t_{EHDX} and t_{BHDX} respectively.

Standby/Power-Down Mode. The M68AR256M has a Chip Enable Power-Down feature which invokes an automatic standby mode whenever either Chip Enable is de-asserted ($\overline{E} = \text{High}$) or \overline{LB} and \overline{UB} are de-asserted (\overline{LB} and $\overline{UB} = \text{High}$).

An Output Enable (\overline{G}) signal provides a high speed tri-state control, allowing fast read/write cycles to be achieved with the common I/O data bus. Operational modes are determined by device control inputs W , \overline{E} , \overline{LB} and \overline{UB} as summarized in the Operating Modes table (see Table 2).

Table 2. Operating Modes

Operation	\overline{E}	\overline{W}	\overline{G}	\overline{LB}	\overline{UB}	DQ0-DQ7	DQ8-DQ15	Power
Standby (Deselected)	V_{IH}	X	X	X	X	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Standby (I_{SB})
	X	X	X	V_{IH}	V_{IH}	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	
Lower Byte Read	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	Data Output	Hi-Z	Active (I_{CC})
Lower Byte Write	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	X	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	Data Input	Hi-Z	Active (I_{CC})
Output Disabled	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	V_{IH}	X	X	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Active (I_{CC})
Upper Byte Read	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	V_{IL}	Hi-Z	Data Output	Active (I_{CC})
Upper Byte Write	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	X	V_{IH}	V_{IL}	Hi-Z	Data Input	Active (I_{CC})
Word Read	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	Data Output	Data Output	Active (I_{CC})
Word Write	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	X	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	Data Input	Data Input	Active (I_{CC})
Output Disabled	V_{IL}	X	V_{IH}	X	X	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Active (I_{CC})

X = V_{IH} or V_{IL} .

MAXIMUM RATING

Stressing the device above the rating listed in the "Absolute Maximum Ratings" table may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the Operating sections of this specification is not im-

plied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Refer also to the STMicroelectronics SURE Program and other relevant quality documents.

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$I_O^{(1)}$	Output Current	20	mA
T_A	Ambient Operating Temperature	-55 to 125	°C
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature	-65 to 150	°C
T_{LEAD}	Lead Temperature during Soldering ⁽²⁾	260 ⁽³⁾	
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage	-0.5 to 2.5	V
$V_{IO}^{(4)}$	Input or Output Voltage	-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
P_D	Power Dissipation	1	W

Note: 1. One output at a time, not to exceed 1 second duration.

2. Compliant with the ST 7191395 specification for Lead-free soldering processes.

3. Not exceeding 250°C for more than 30s, and peaking at 260°C.

4. Up to a maximum operating V_{CC} of 1.95V only.

DC AND AC PARAMETERS

This section summarizes the operating and measurement conditions, as well as the DC and AC characteristics of the device. The parameters in the following DC and AC Characteristic tables are derived from tests performed under the Measure-

ment Conditions listed in the relevant tables. Designers should check that the operating conditions in their projects match the measurement conditions when using the quoted parameters.

Table 4. Operating and AC Measurement Conditions

Parameter		M68AR256M
V _{CC} Supply Voltage		1.65 to 1.95V
Ambient Operating Temperature	Range 1	0 to 70°C
	Range 6	-40 to 85°C
Load Capacitance (C _L)		30pF
Output Circuit Protection Resistance (R ₁)		15.3kΩ
Load Resistance (R ₂)		11.3kΩ
Input Rise and Fall Times		1ns/V
Input Pulse Voltages		0 to V _{CC}
Input and Output Timing Ref. Voltages		V _{CC} /2
Output Transition Timing Ref. Voltages		V _{RL} = 0.3V _{CC} ; V _{RH} = 0.7V _{CC}

Figure 5. AC Measurement I/O Waveform

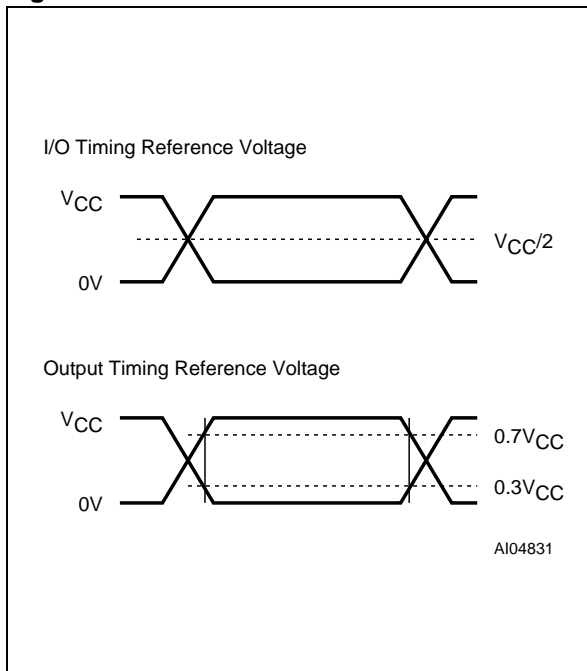


Figure 6. AC Measurement Load Circuit

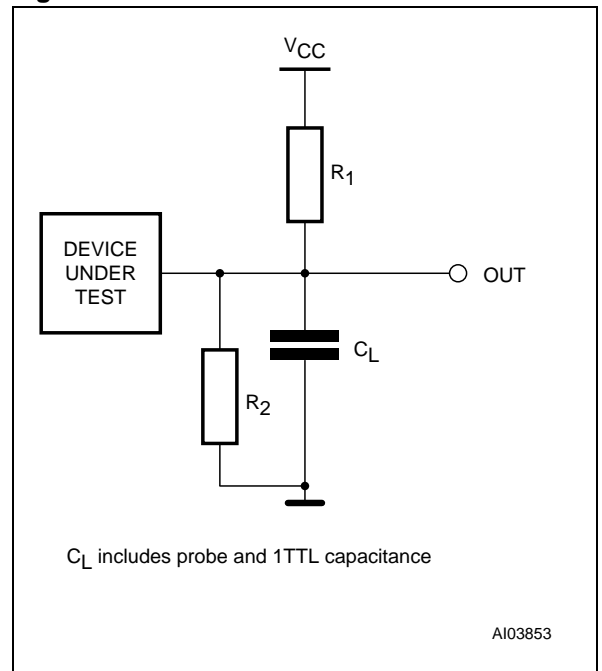


Table 5. Capacitance

Symbol	Parameter ^(1,2)	Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance on all pins (except DQ)	V _{IN} = 0V		6	pF
C _{OUT}	Output Capacitance	V _{OUT} = 0V		8	pF

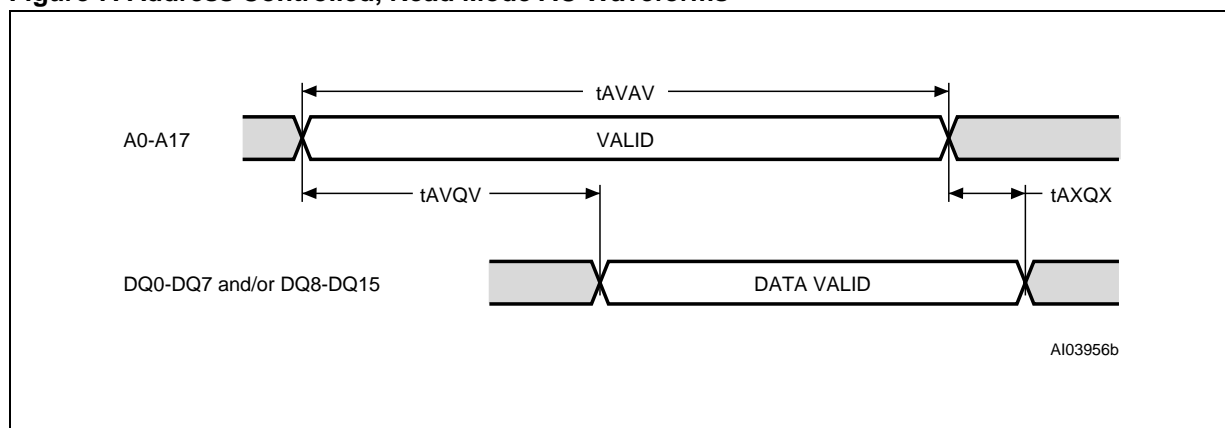
Note: 1. Sampled only, not 100% tested.
2. At T_A = 25°C, f = 1 MHz, V_{CC} = 1.8V.

Table 6. DC Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	M68AR256M				Unit
			-L		-N		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
I _{CC1} (1,2)	Operating Supply Current	V _{CC} = 1.95V, f = 1/t _{AVAV} , I _{OUT} = 0mA	55ns			10	mA
			70ns		6	6	mA
I _{CC2} (3)	Operating Supply Current	V _{CC} = 1.95V, f = 1MHz, I _{OUT} = 0mA		2		2	mA
I _{LI}	Input Leakage Current	0V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ V _{CC}	-1	1	-1	1	μA
I _{LO} (4)	Output Leakage Current	0V ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ V _{CC} (3)	-1	1	-1	1	μA
I _{SB}	Standby Supply Current CMOS	V _{CC} = 1.95V, $\bar{E} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $\overline{LB} = \overline{UB} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$, f = 0		15		15	μA
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage		1.4	V _{CC} + 0.4	1.4	V _{CC} + 0.4	V
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage		-0.5	0.4	-0.5	0.4	V
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage	I _{OH} = -100μA	1.5		1.5		V
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	I _{OL} = 100μA		0.2		0.2	V

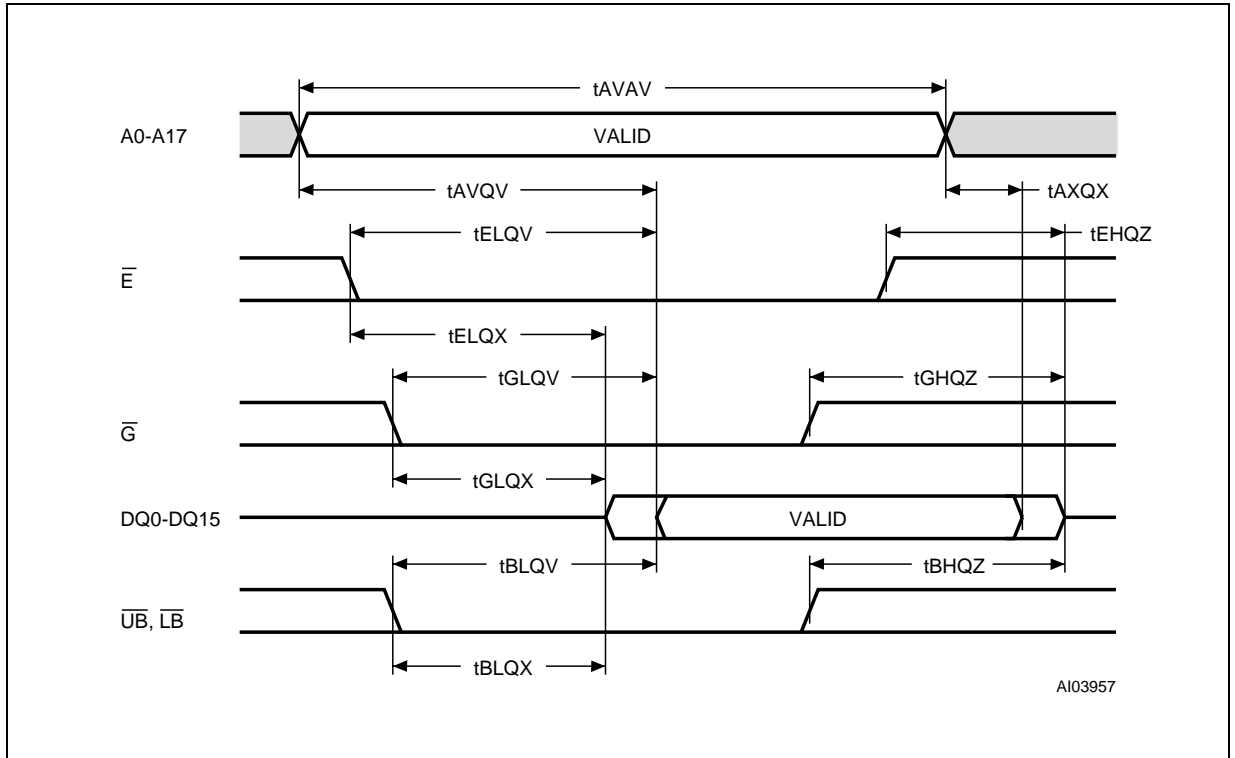
Note: 1. Average AC current, cycling at t_{AVAV} minimum.
2. $\bar{E} = V_{IL}$, \overline{LB} or/and $\overline{UB} = V_{IL}$, V_{IN} = V_{IL} or V_{IH}.
3. $\bar{E} \leq 0.2V$, \overline{LB} or/and $\overline{UB} \leq 0.2V$, V_{IN} ≤ 0.2V or V_{IN} ≥ V_{CC} - 0.2V.
4. Output disabled.

Figure 7. Address Controlled, Read Mode AC Waveforms



Note: \bar{E} = Low, \bar{G} = Low, \bar{W} = High, \overline{UB} = Low and/or \overline{LB} = Low.

Figure 8. Chip Enable or Output Enable Controlled, Read Mode AC Waveforms



Note: Write Enable (\bar{W}) = High.

Figure 9. Chip Enable or \bar{UB}/\bar{LB} Controlled, Standby Mode AC Waveforms

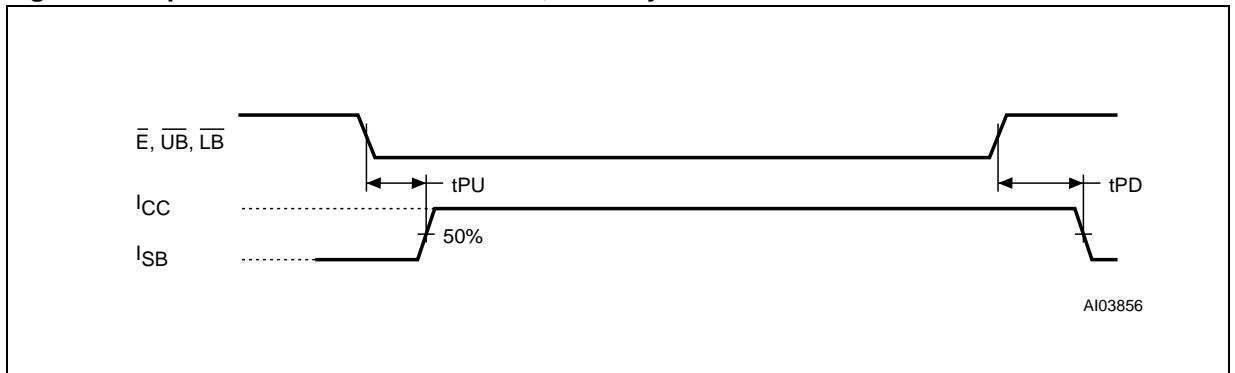


Table 7. Read and Standby Mode AC Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter		M68AR256M		Unit
			55	70	
t _{AVAV}	Read Cycle Time	Min	55	70	ns
t _{AVQV}	Address Valid to Output Valid	Max	55	70	ns
t _{AXQX} ⁽¹⁾	Data hold from address change	Min	5	5	ns
t _{BHQZ} ^(2,3)	Upper/Lower Byte Enable High to Output Hi-Z	Max	20	25	ns
t _{BLQV}	Upper/Lower Byte Enable Low to Output Valid	Max	55	70	ns
t _{BLQX} ⁽¹⁾	Upper/Lower Byte Enable Low to Output Transition	Min	5	5	ns
t _{EHQZ} ^(2,3)	Chip Enable High to Output Hi-Z	Max	20	25	ns
t _{ELQV}	Chip Enable Low to Output Valid	Max	55	70	ns
t _{ELQX} ⁽¹⁾	Chip Enable Low to Output Transition	Min	5	5	ns
t _{GHQZ} ^(2,3)	Output Enable High to Output Hi-Z	Max	20	25	ns
t _{GLQV}	Output Enable Low to Output Valid	Max	25	35	ns
t _{GLQX} ⁽²⁾	Output Enable Low to Output Transition	Min	5	5	ns
t _{PD} ⁽⁴⁾	Chip Enable or $\overline{UB}/\overline{LB}$ High to Power Down	Max	55	70	ns
t _{PU} ⁽⁴⁾	Chip Enable or $\overline{UB}/\overline{LB}$ Low to Power Up	Min	0	0	ns

Note: 1. Test conditions assume transition timing reference level = 0.3V_{CC} or 0.7V_{CC}.

2. At any given temperature and voltage condition, t_{GHQZ} is less than t_{GLQX}, t_{BHQZ} is less than t_{BLQX} and t_{EHQZ} is less than t_{ELQX} for any given device.

3. These parameters are defined as the time at which the outputs achieve the open circuit conditions and are not referenced to output voltage levels.

4. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

Figure 10. Write Enable Controlled, Write AC Waveforms

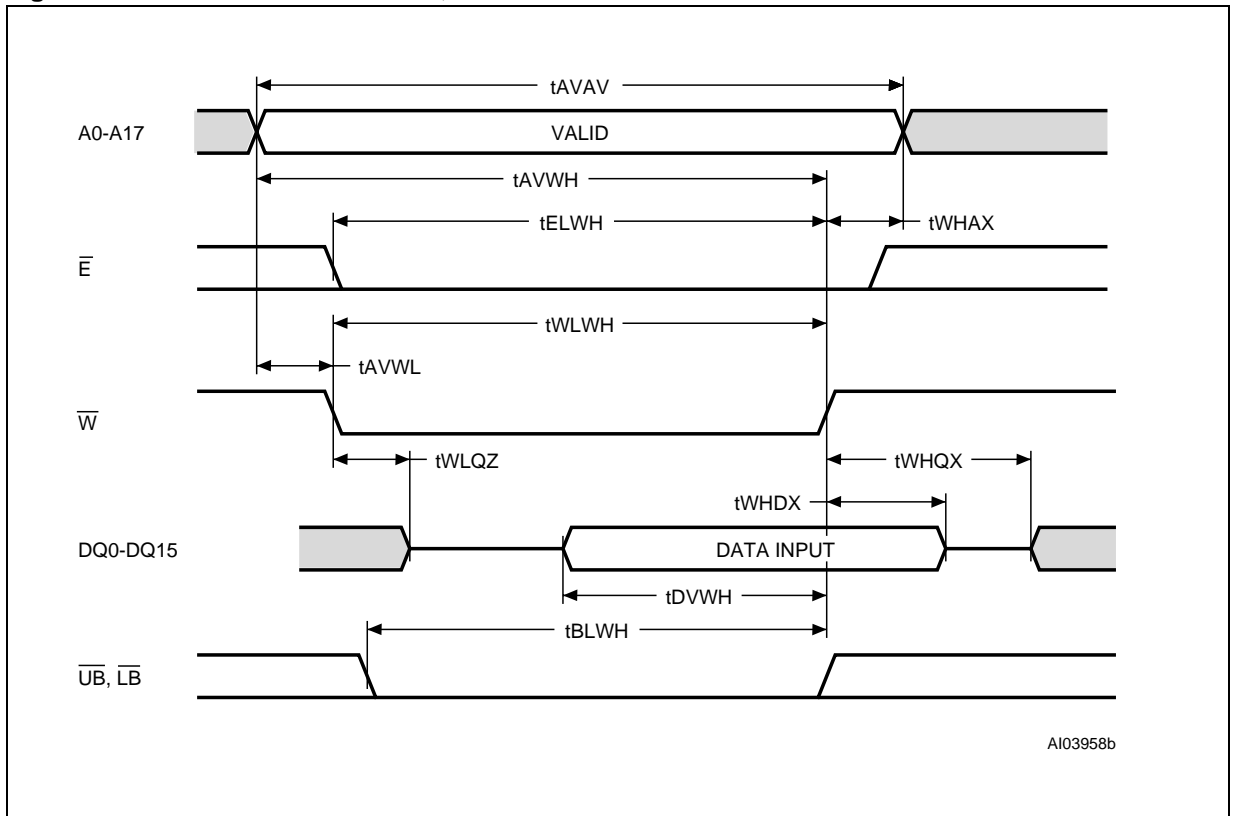


Figure 11. Chip Enable Controlled, Write AC Waveforms

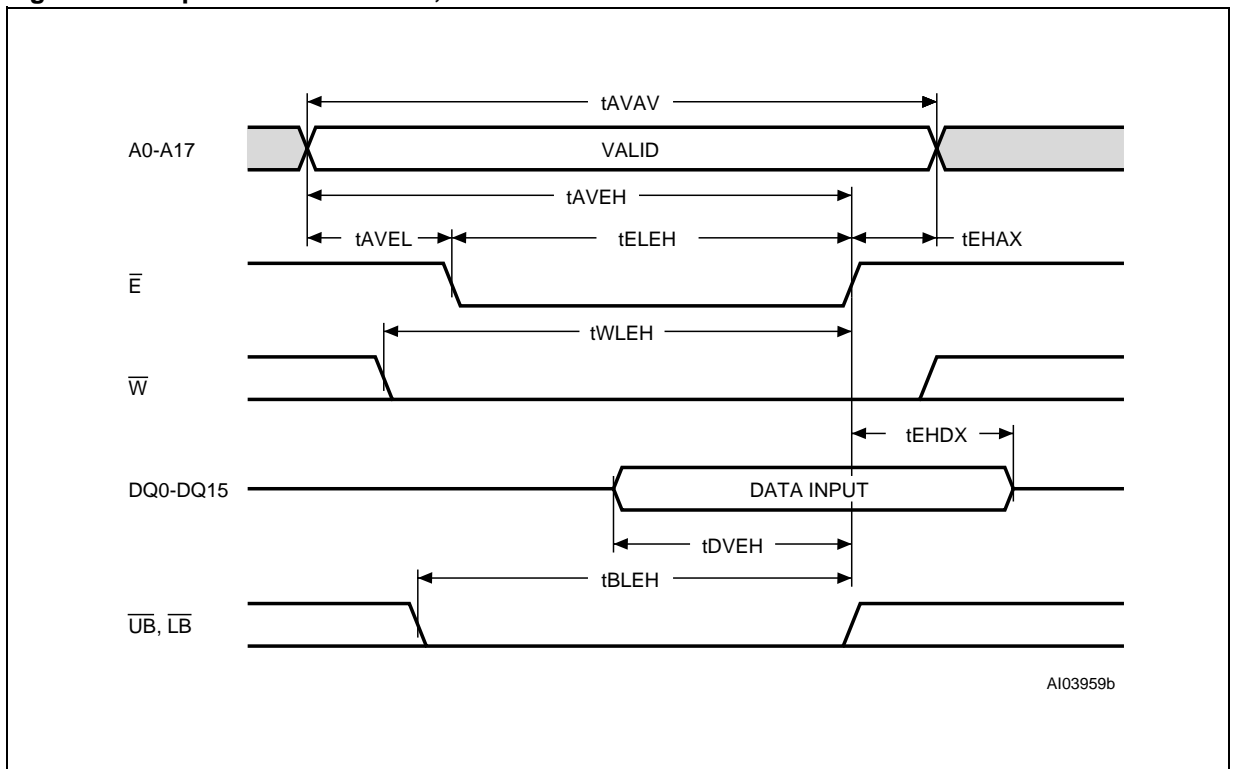
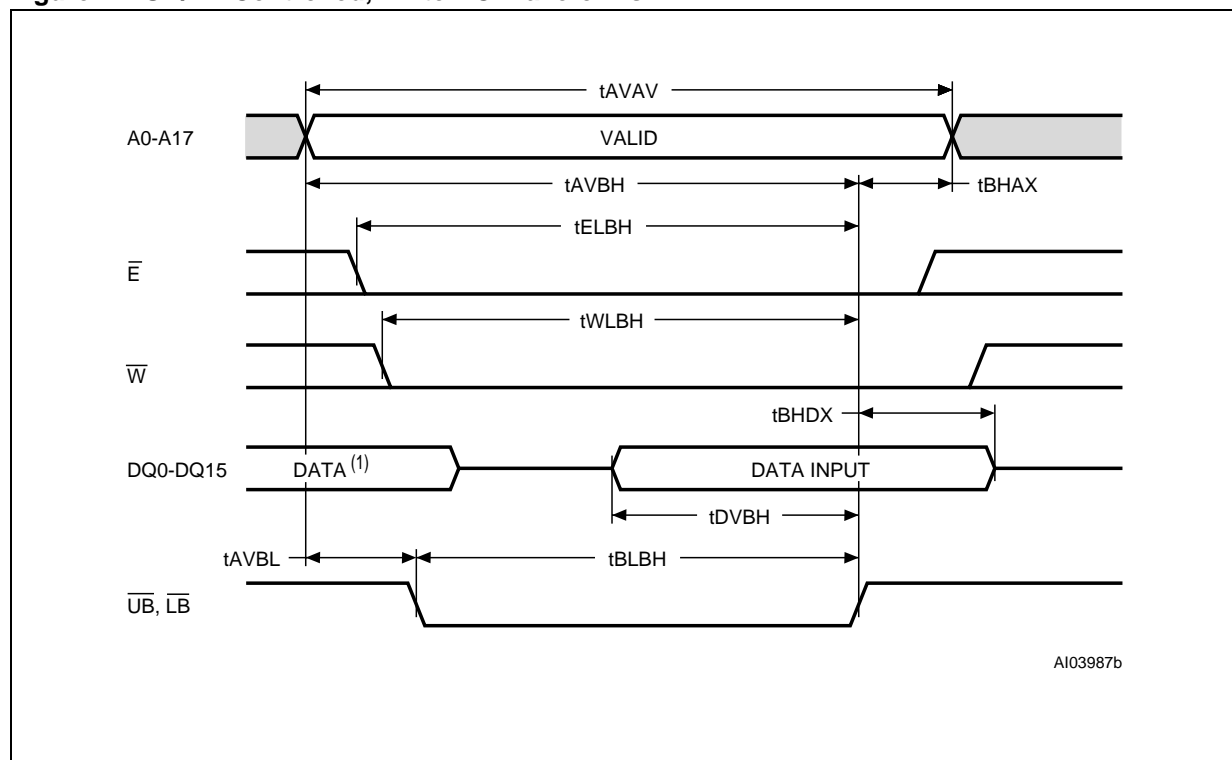


Figure 12. $\overline{UB}/\overline{LB}$ Controlled, Write AC Waveforms

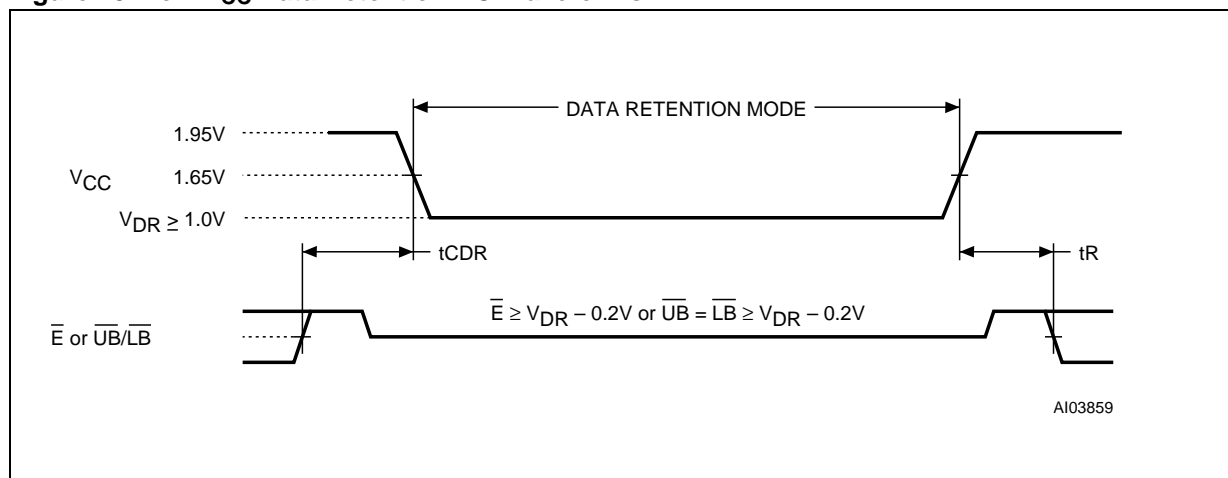
Note: 1. During this period DQ0-DQ15 are in output state and input signals should not be applied.

Table 8. Write Mode AC Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter		M68AR256M				Unit
			-L		-N		
			55	70	55	70	
t _{AVAV}	Write Cycle Time	Min	55	70	55	70	ns
t _{AVBH}	Address Valid to $\overline{\text{LB}}$, $\overline{\text{UB}}$ High	Min	45	60	45	60	ns
t _{AVBL}	Address Valid to $\overline{\text{LB}}$, $\overline{\text{UB}}$ Low	Min	0	0	0	0	ns
t _{AVEH}	Address Valid to Chip Enable High	Min	45	60	45	60	ns
t _{AVEL}	Address valid to Chip Enable Low	Min	0	0	0	0	ns
t _{AVWH}	Address Valid to Write Enable High	Min	45	60	45	60	ns
t _{AVWL}	Address Valid to Write Enable Low	Min	0	0	0	0	ns
t _{BHAX}	$\overline{\text{LB}}$, $\overline{\text{UB}}$ High to Address Transition	Min	0	0	0	0	ns
t _{BHDX}	$\overline{\text{LB}}$, $\overline{\text{UB}}$ High to Input Transition	Min	0	0	0	0	ns
t _{BLBH}	$\overline{\text{LB}}$, $\overline{\text{UB}}$ Low to $\overline{\text{LB}}$, $\overline{\text{UB}}$ High	Min	45	60	45	60	ns
t _{BLEH}	$\overline{\text{LB}}$, $\overline{\text{UB}}$ Low to Chip Enable High	Min	45	60	45	60	ns
t _{BLWH}	$\overline{\text{LB}}$, $\overline{\text{UB}}$ Low to Write Enable High	Min	45	60	45	60	ns
t _{DVBH}	Input Valid to $\overline{\text{LB}}$, $\overline{\text{UB}}$ High	Min	25	30	25	30	ns
t _{DVEH}	Input Valid to Chip Enable High	Min	25	30	25	30	ns
t _{DVWH}	Input Valid to Write Enable High	Min	25	30	25	30	ns
t _{EHAX}	Chip Enable High to Address Transition	Min	0	0	0	0	ns
t _{EHDX}	Chip enable High to Input Transition	Min	0	0	0	0	ns
t _{ELBH}	Chip Enable Low to $\overline{\text{LB}}$, $\overline{\text{UB}}$ High	Min	45	60	45	60	ns
t _{ELEH}	Chip Enable Low to Chip Enable High	Min	45	60	45	60	ns
t _{ELWH}	Chip Enable Low to Write Enable High	Min	45	60	45	60	ns
t _{WHAX}	Write Enable High to Address Transition	Min	0	0	0	0	ns
t _{WHDX}	Write Enable High to Input Transition	Min	0	0	0	0	ns
t _{WHQX} ⁽¹⁾	Write Enable High to Output Transition	Min	5	5	5	5	ns
t _{WLBH}	Write Enable Low to $\overline{\text{LB}}$, $\overline{\text{UB}}$ High	Min	45	60	45	60	ns
t _{WLEH}	Write Enable Low to Chip Enable High	Min	45	60	45	60	ns
t _{WLQZ} ^(1,2)	Write Enable Low to Output Hi-Z	Max	20	20	20	20	ns
t _{WLWH}	Write Enable Low to Write Enable High	Min	45	60	40	50	ns

Note: 1. At any given temperature and voltage condition, t_{WLQZ} is less than t_{WHQX} for any given device.

2. These parameters are defined as the time at which the outputs achieve the open circuit conditions and are not referenced to output voltage levels.

Figure 13. Low V_{CC} Data Retention AC WaveformsTable 9. Low V_{CC} Data Retention Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$I_{CCDR}^{(1)}$	Supply Current (Data Retention)	$V_{CC} = 1.0V, \bar{E} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $\bar{UB} = \bar{LB} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V, f = 0^{(3)}$		0.5	3	μA
$t_{CDR}^{(1,2)}$	Chip Deselected to Data Retention Time		0			ns
$t_R^{(2)}$	Operation Recovery Time		t_{AVAV}			ns
$V_{DR}^{(1)}$	Supply Voltage (Data Retention)	$\bar{E} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $\bar{UB} = \bar{LB} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V, f = 0$	1.0			V

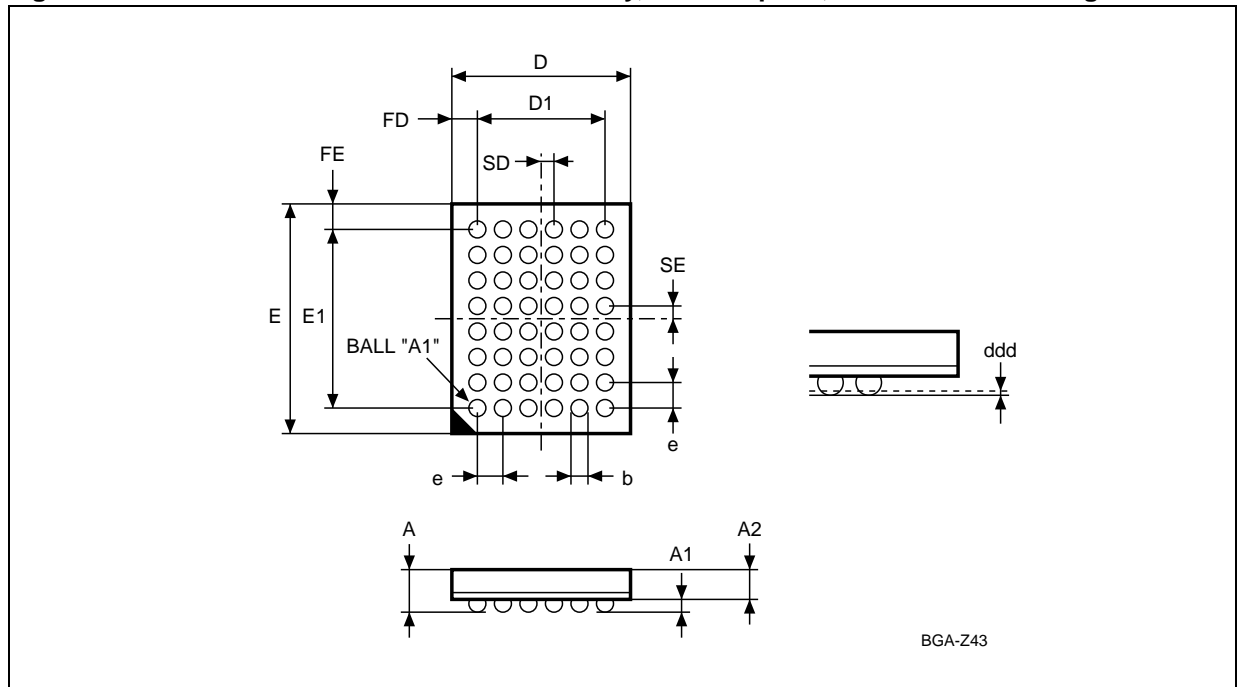
Note: 1. All other Inputs at $V_{IH} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $V_{IL} \leq 0.2V$.

2. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters. t_{AVAV} is Read cycle time.

3. No input may exceed $V_{CC} + 0.2V$.

PACKAGE MECHANICAL

Figure 14. TFBGA48 6x7mm - 6x8 active ball array, 0.75mm pitch, Bottom View Package Outline



Note: Drawing is not to scale.

Table 10. TFBGA48 6x7mm - 6x8 active ball array, 0.75mm pitch, Package Mechanical Data

Symbol	millimeters			inches		
	Typ	Min	Max	Typ	Min	Max
A			1.200			0.0472
A1		0.250	0.400		0.0098	0.0157
A2	0.790			0.0311		
b	0.400	0.350	0.450	0.0157	0.0138	0.0177
D	6.000	5.900	6.100	0.2362	0.2323	0.2402
D1	3.750			0.1476		
ddd			0.100			0.0039
E	7.000	6.900	7.100	0.2756	0.2717	0.2795
E1	5.250			0.2067		
e	0.750	–	–	0.0295	–	–
FD	1.125			0.0443		
FE	0.875			0.0344		
SD	0.375	–	–	0.0148	–	–
SE	0.375	–	–	0.0148	–	–

PART NUMBERING

Table 11. Ordering Information Scheme

Example:	M68AR256	M	L	55	ZB	6	T
Device Type M68							
Mode A = Asynchronous							
Operating Voltage R = 1.65 to 1.95V							
Array Organization 256 = 4 Mbit (256K x16)							
Option 1 M = 1 Chip Enable; Write and Standby from UB and LB							
Option 2 L = L-Die N = N-Die							
Speed Class 55 = 55 ns 70 = 70 ns							
Package ZB = TFBGA48 6x7mm, 0.75mm pitch							
Operative Temperature 1 = 0 to 70 °C 6 = -40 to 85 °C							
Shipping Blank = Standard Packing (Tray) T = Tape and Reel Packing E = Lead-Free Package, Standard Packing (Tray) F = Lead-Free Package, Tape and Reel Packing							

For a list of available options (e.g., Speed, Package) or for further information on any aspect of this device, please contact the ST Sales Office nearest to you.

REVISION HISTORY

Table 12. Document Revision History

Date	Version	Revision Details
July 2001	-01	First Issue
23-Oct-2001	-02	Speed class changed from 80 to 70ns
20-May-2002	-03	Document globally revised
01-Oct-2002	3.1	Revision numbering modified: a minor revision will be indicated by incrementing the digit after the dot, and a major revision, by incrementing the digit before the dot (revision version 03 equals 3.0) Part number changed
09-Oct-2002	3.2	Part number clarified
20-Feb-2004	4.0	N-die added. TFBGA48 7 x 8mm replaced by TFBGA48 6 x 7mm I _{CC1} and I _{SB} updated in Table 6.DC Characteristics . N-die AC Write Characteristics added in Table 8. Write Mode AC Characteristics . Minor content modifications. Lead-free package option added in Table 11.Ordering Information Scheme .
03-Aug-2004	5.0	Connection E3 updated in Figure 3., TFBGA Connections (Top view through package) .
27-Sep-2004	6.0	t _{PD} and t _{PU} modified in Table 7., Read and Standby Mode AC Characteristics . Document structure updated without modifications of the content.

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